THE CONSTRUCTION, FORESTRY, MARITIME, MINING & ENERGY UNION CONSTRUCTION AND GENERAL DIVISION VICTORIAN/TASMANIAN DIVISIONAL BRANCH

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

CONTENTS

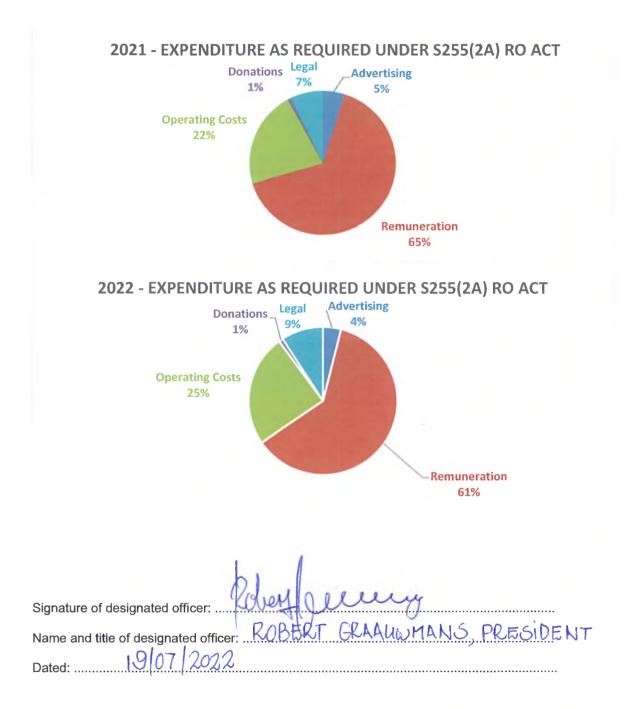
REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A)	2
DPERATING REPORT	3
TATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	5
TATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	6
TATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	7
TATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT	30
DFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT	31
NDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT	32

THE CONSTRUCTION, FORESTRY, MARITIME, MINING & ENERGY UNION CONSTRUCTION AND GENERAL DIVISION VICTORIAN/TASMANIAN DIVISIONAL BRANCH

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A)

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the Reporting Unit for the year ended 31 March 2022.



Operating Report

Introduction

The Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining & Energy Union Construction and General Division Victorian/Tasmanian Divisional Branch ("CFMEU") is committed to providing a broad range of services to members and defending members' rights in Victoria and Tasmania.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the CFMEU is that of a registered trade union in Australia reporting in accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009. The many benefits of membership come from Enterprise Bargaining Agreement ("EBA") negotiations for good wages and conditions. The CFMEU employs organisers to help members and provides access to services such as occupational health and safety representatives, training and legal advice. The results of the Union's principal activities are that members continue to have decent wages and conditions and access to services. The principal activities of the CFMEU have not changed during the reporting period.

Financial Position

The Union remains in a secure financial position because office holders have ensured that a "safety net" exists for members both individually and as a union so that our united strength can be defended. The Union's operations resulted in a net deficit of \$1,472,797 for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: \$2,403,396 surplus).

The Investment Committee, made up of Officers and Trustees taking advice from professional investment advisers, oversee the investments of the Union. The Investment Committee will continue to monitor the Unicn's investments.

Number of Employees

The Union had 96 full time equivalent employees (2021: 97 full time equivalent employees).

Number of Members

The number of members for the year ended 31 March 2022 was 27,044 (2021: 28,031).

Rights of Members

A member can resign from membership by written notice and in accordance with Chapter 6, Part 3, Section 174 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009 and the rules of the CFMEU.

Trustee of Superannuation Entity

No officer or member of the Union holds a position as a trustee or director of a superannuation entity or exempt public sector superannuation scheme where the criterion for holding such position is that they are an officer or member of an organisation.

Operating Report (continued)

Office Holders

The names of the members of the Divisional Branch Management Committee "DBMC" during financial year were:

Akbari F	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Albert M	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Balta S	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Beattie B	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Benstead G	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Christopher D	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Cordier A	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Constantinou J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Farrelly P	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Graauwmans R	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Gritzalis D	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Hassett R	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Harkins K	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Ioannidis A	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Long S	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Lythgo D	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Misic D	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Murphy M	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Myles J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Myles M	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Perak J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Perkovic J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Pitt B	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Raspudic R	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Round P	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Setka J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Simpson J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Spernovasilis E	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Theodorou T	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Tomic J	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022
Zanatta L	1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Signed

For and on behalf of the Divisional Branch Management Committee

Robert Graauwmans

Melbourne, 19 July 2022

THE CONSTRUCTION, FORESTRY, MARITIME, MINING & ENERGY UNION CONSTRUCTION AND GENERAL DIVISION VICTORIAN/TASMANIAN DIVISIONAL BRANCH STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2 2 2 3 3	24,921,637 9,270,300 3,081,718 37,273,655 2,329,116 296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311 13,440,820	27,791,991 6,418,942 3,120,829 37,331,762 2,517,234 314,487 1,619,593 4,844,551
2 2 3	9,270,300 3,081,718 37,273,655 2,329,116 296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311	6,418,942 3,120,829 37,331,762 2,517,234 314,487 1,619,593
² 3	3,081,718 37,273,655 2,329,116 296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311	3,120,829 37,331,762 2,517,234 314,487 1,619,593
3	37,273,655 2,329,116 296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311	37,331,762 2,517,234 314,487 1,619,593
-	2,329,116 296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311	2,517,234 314,487 1,619,593
-	296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311	314,487 1,619,593
-	296,105 1,628,801 5,246,311	314,487 1,619,593
-	1,628,801 5,246,311	1,619,593
-	5,246,311	
-		4,844,551
3	13 440 820	
	10,110,020	12,525,631
	2,357,949	2,130,801
	552,184	635,187
3	3,109,358	2,126,013
	45,965	194,808
	2,395,098	2,170,701
	3,747,918	3,208,521
3	319,876	231,887
	502,677	398,256
	2,774,274	2,010,696
_	38,746,452	34,928,366
	(1,472,797)	2,403,396
	3	2,395,098 3,747,918 3 319,876 502,677 2,774,274 38,746,452

6,987,078

Total comprehensive income for the year

The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

4,092,927

THE CONSTRUCTION, FORESTRY, MARITIME, MINING & ENERGY UNION CONSTRUCTION AND GENERAL DIVISION VICTORIAN/TASMANIAN DIVISIONAL BRANCH STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	16(a)	33,700,642	25,223,175
Trade and other receivables	4	727,200	757,287
Other financial assets	5	11,464,727	14,008,432
Inventory	6	104,801	77,524
		45,997,370	40,066,418
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	64,800,172	56,763,440
Right-of-use assets	8	29,710	69,323
Other financial assets	5	1,682	1,682
		64,831,564	56,834,445
TOTAL ASSETS		110,828,934	96,900,863
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	9	1,737,616	1,690,029
Contract liabilities	10	10,133,411	5,038,096
Provisions	11	12,515,456	10,677,131
Lease liabilities	8	28,393	40,234
		24,414,876	17,445,490
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	8	-	28,393
			28,393
TOTAL LIABILITIES		24,414,876	17,473,883
NET ASSETS		86,414,058	79,426,980
MEMBERS' FUNDS			
Accumulated members funds		73,824,485	75,297,282
Reserves		12,589,573	4,129,698
TOTAL MEMBERS' FUNDS		86,414,058	79,426,980
		00,111,000	10,120,000

The statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

	Accumulated Members Funds \$	Asset Revaluation Reserve (i) \$	Financial Assets Reserve (ii) \$	Total \$
Balance at 31 March 2020	72,813,886	2,735,750	(215,583)	75,334,053
Surplus for the year	2,403,396	-	-	2,403,396
Other comprehensive income	-	-	1,689,531	1,689,531
Total comprehensive income	2,403,396	-	1,689,531	4,092,927
Transfers to Accumulated members funds	80,000	(80,000)	-	
Balance at 31 March 2021	75,297,282	2,655,750	1,473,948	79,426,980
Deficit for the year	(1,472,797)	-	-	(1,472,797)
Other comprehensive income	-	8,519,092	(59,217)	8,459,875
Total comprehensive income	(1,472,797)	8,519,092	(59,217)	6,987,078
Balance at 31 March 2022	73,824,485	11,174,842	1,414,731	86,414,058

(i) The reserve is used to recognise increments in the fair value of land and buildings.

(ii) The reserve is used to recognise increments and decrements in the fair value of financial assets through other comprehensive income.

The statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from members		34,236,409	34,692,646
Receipts from other reporting units	16(c)	95,344	152,626
Operating grant receipts		9,164,756	6,321,882
Rent received		486,638	344,263
Interest and dividends received		23,662	64,157
Payments to suppliers and employees		(33,598,873)	(30,654,031)
Payments to other reporting units	16(c)	(3,218,472)	(3,416,961)
Net cash provided by operating activities	16(b)	7,189,464	7,504,582
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(1,235,157)	(4,714,744)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		82,364	683,659
Net proceeds/(payments) for investments in financial assets	_	2,484,488	(209,925)
Net cash used in investing activities		1,331,695	(4,241,010)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of lease liabilities	8	(43,692)	(43,692)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(43,692)	(43,692)
Net increase in cash held		8,477,467	3,219,880
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		25,223,175	22,003,295
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	16(a)	33,700,642	25,223,175

The statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

The financial report is for CFMEU Construction and General Division Victorian and Tasmanian Divisional Branch as an individual entity for the year ended 31 March 2022. The CFMEU is an organisation committed to providing a broad range of services to members and defending their rights. The registered office and principal place of operation is 540 Elizabeth Street, Melbourne, Victoria and 196 Campbell Street, Hobart for the Tasmanian division.

Statement of Compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared for distribution to the members to fulfil the Executive's financial reporting requirements under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009. The Executive has prepared the financial report in accordance with Accounting Standards and the Australian Accounting Interpretations, and other pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Compliance with IFRS

For the purposes of this financial report, the Union is considered to be a not-for-profit entry and as such has prepared this financial report with reference to the requirements regarding Not-For-Profits in the Austral an Accounting Standards.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Committee of Management on the date the Committee of Management Certificate was signed.

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The historical cost basis has been used except for certain assets which are carried at fair value. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Union's functional currency. The financial report is prepared on a going concern basis.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Union has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") that are mandatory for the current financial period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

A. Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the Union is exempt from income tax uncer Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

B. Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of goods and services tax (GST) except:

- (a) where the GST is not recoverable from the tax office; and
- (b) for receivable and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST;

The net amount of GST receivable or payable to the tax office is included as part of receivables or payables.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

C **Property, Plant and Equipment**

(i) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date the carrying amounts of assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss if any. The Committee of Management are satisfied that the carrying amounts of assets do not exceed the net amounts that are expected to be recovered through the cash inflows and outflows arising from the continued use and subsequent disposal of the assets.

(iii) Property

Land and buildings are measured at fair value. Fair value is determined on the basis of an independent valuation prepared by external valuation experts. The fair values are recognised in the financial statements and are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the carrying value of land and buildings is not materially different from their fair values.

Any revaluation increase is credited to the asset revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease on revaluation is charged as an expense in the profit and loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the asset revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

Depreciation on revalued buildings is charged to profit and loss. On subsequent disposal of a revalued property the relevant revaluation surplus remaining in the asset revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

(iv) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation. The depreciable amount of all fixed assets are depreciated over the useful lives of the assets to the Union commencing from the time the asset was held ready for use. The carrying amount of fixed assets is reviewed annually in accordance with the impairment test outlined above to ensure they are not in excess of their recoverable values.

Depreciation is provided on a diminishing value method.

Depreciation rates used are as follows:

Buildings	2.5%
Improvements	2.5-15%
Plant and Equipment	7.5 - 22.5%
Motor Vehicles	18.75%
Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings	15 – 25%
Computer Equipment	20 - 40%

D Leases

The Union assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Union as a lessee

The Union applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Union recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets

The Union recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Union at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

D. Leases (cont'd)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Union recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Union and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Union exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Union uses the incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Union's short-term leases are those that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

E. Other Financial Assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless, an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the Union has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, it's carrying value is written off.

(i) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. The Union has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the Union intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Union recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the Union's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised within other comprehensive income. In all other cases, the loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

F. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Union has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

G. Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Union's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee entitlements consist of sick leave, annual leave, long service leave and redundancy pay which are accrued in line with employee agreements. Entitlements are unconditional and as such are recorded as current liabilities. Contributions are made by the Union to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments with terms of less than 90 days, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

I. Inventories

Finished goods are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value on a 'first in first out' basis. Cost comprises of direct materials and delivery costs, direct labour, import duties, and other taxes, an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure based on normal operating capacity, and, where applicable, transfers from cash flow hedging reserves in equity. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts received or receivable.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

J. Trade and Other Payables

Trade payables and other accounts payables are recognised when the Union becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

K. Revenue and income

The Union enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations. The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Union has a contract with a customer, the Union recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Union accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Union.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Union recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Union's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Union allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Union charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Union recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

K. Revenue (cont'd)

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Union has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Union at their standalone selling price, the Union accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

Income of the Union as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Union to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Union recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Union obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or services to the customer; and
- the Union's recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

During the year, the Union received cash consideration from the following arrangements whereby that consideration will be recognised as income upon receipt:

Grant income

Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Rental income

Leases in which the Union as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Grant income

Grant income will be recognised as revenue when received (which is when the Union obtains control of the cash) unless the performance obligations are sufficiently specific to allow recognition to be deferred income (which is the point in time when the Union receives approval from the grantor).

Other income

Other income is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

L. Acquisition of Assets and or Liabilities

No assets and or liabilities were transferred to the Union for an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; or a restructure of the branches of the Union; or a determination by the General Manager under subsections 245(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; or a revocation by the General Manager under subsection 249(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

M. Information to be provided to members or Commissioner

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) An application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

N. Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. The key estimates and assumptions which are material to the financial reports are found in the following notes:

- Impairment of financial assets (Note 1E);
- Provisions (Note 1F);
- Employee benefits (Note 1G); and
- Fair value of land and buildings (Note 14)

O. Going Concern

The Union is not reliant on any financial support from other reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis. The Union has not agreed to provide any financial support to any other reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

P. Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
2 REVENUE AND INCOME		
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Membership subscriptions	23,712,156	26,821,615
Membership levies	513,806	607,224
Training fees	193,814	215,970
EBA processing fee	501,861	147,182
Total revenue from contracts with customers	24,921,637	27,791,991
Income for furthering objectives		
Grant income	9,270,300	6,418,942
Total income for furthering objectives	9,270,300	6,418,942
Other Income		
Net gains from sale of assets	-	216,536
Interest income	23,662	64,157
Rental income	486,638	344,263
Donations	50	75
Other income	2,571,368	2,495,798
Total other income	3,081,718	3,120,829
Total income	37,273,655	37,331,762

3 ITEMS INCLUDED IN SURPLUS Surplus has been determined after charging as expenses: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 1,589,188 1,586,582 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 39,613 33,011 Capitation fees 1,682,390 1,094,802 Consultancy fees 1,692,390 1,094,802 Loss on disposal of plant and equipment 45,955 194,808 Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2,000 2,000 2,000 Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 744 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,003 1,316 3,098 2,040 31,062 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>2022 \$</th><th>2021 \$</th></td<>			2022 \$	2021 \$
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 1,589,188 1,586,582 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 33,613 33,011 Capitation fees – CFMEU – C&G National Office 1,868,064 2,047,521 Consultancy fees 1,692,390 1,094,802 Loss on disposal of plant and equipment 45,965 194,808 Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Gommunity Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 1,020 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunr	3	ITEMS INCLUDED IN SURPLUS		
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 39,613 33,011 Capitation fees – CFMEU – C&G National Office 1,868,064 2,047,521 Consultancy fees 1,692,390 1,094,802 Loss on disposal of plant and equipment 45,965 194,808 Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2,000 2,000 ALP Tasmanian Branch 2,364 2,676 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades a Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulty Wold workers International 47,81 218,09 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 880 </td <td></td> <td>Surplus has been determined after charging as expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td>		Surplus has been determined after charging as expenses:		
Capitation fees CFMEU - C&G National Office 1,868,064 2,047,521 Consultancy fees 1,692,390 1,094,802 Loss on disposal of plant and equipment 45,965 194,808 Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2,000 2,000 ALP Tasmanian Branch 2,364 2,676 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713		Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,589,188	1,586,582
Consultancy fees 1,692,390 1,094,802 Loss on disposal of plant and equipment 45,965 194,808 Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2,364 2,676 Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades & Labour 1,003 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Surraysia Trades & Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 228,047 Alse and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 Grades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Ta		Depreciation of right-of-use assets	39,613	33,011
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment 45,965 194,808 Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2,364 2,676 Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 Australia Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,003 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades and Labour Council 25,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 10,943 Donations 3,098 2,040 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Capitation fees – CFMEU – C&G National Office</td><td>1,868,064</td><td>2,047,521</td></t<>		Capitation fees – CFMEU – C&G National Office	1,868,064	2,047,521
Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire) 45 2,918 Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2 2 ALP Tasmanian Branch 2,364 2,676 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Donations 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 226,082 10,144 461,052 469,713		Consultancy fees	1,692,390	1,094,802
Conferences and meetings attendance expenses 34,633 16,818 Affiliation fees 2,364 2,676 Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades All Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades All Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 11,48 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 231		Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	45,965	194,808
Affiliation fees 2,364 2,676 ALP Tasmanian Branch 2,364 2,676 Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades & Labour Council 2565 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 19,876 231,887 Donations 319,876 231,887 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 1 246,779 1,283,551		Meeting of members or council expenses (including room hire)	45	2,918
ALP Tasmanian Branch 2,364 2,676 Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Donations \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 231,887 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penaltities 291,796 <td></td> <td>Conferences and meetings attendance expenses</td> <td>34,633</td> <td>16,818</td>		Conferences and meetings attendance expenses	34,633	16,818
Australia Asia Workers Links 2,000 2,000 Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades & Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 461,052 469,713 Donations 319,876 231,887 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 21,796 395,000 395,000 00 Other 552,883 447,462 395,000		Affiliation fees		
Australian Labour Party 157,365 170,786 Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Alal Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Donations 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 319,876 231,887 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		ALP Tasmanian Branch	2,364	2,676
Ballarat Trades Hall 3,052 3,052 Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Litigation 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 319,876 231,887 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 291,796 395,000		Australia Asia Workers Links	2,000	2,000
Bendigo Trades Hall Council 744 744 Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 1 1,283,551 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Australian Labour Party	157,365	170,786
Building and Wood workers International 41,761 38,632 Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 47,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 1 1,283,551 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Ballarat Trades Hall	3,052	3,052
Community Radio Federation Ltd 3,500 3,398 Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 319,876 231,887 Legal fees Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 0Her Other 552,883 447,462		Bendigo Trades Hall Council	744	744
Geelong Trades Hall Council 11,158 10,864 Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades and Labour Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 319,876 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Building and Wood workers International	41,761	38,632
Gippsland Trades and Labour Council 5,527 5,527 Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 461,052 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 319,876 Legal fees Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Community Radio Federation Ltd	3,500	3,398
Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour 1,200 900 North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Geelong Trades Hall Council	11,158	10,864
North East & Border Trades & Labour 880 880 South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2 2 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Gippsland Trades and Labour Council	5,527	5,527
South West Trades & Labour 1,053 1,316 Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Goulburn Valley Trades & Labour	1,200	900
Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council 585 585 Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 Donations \$1,000 and less 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 Legal fees Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		North East & Border Trades & Labour	880	880
Victorian Trades Hall Council 4,781 218,209 Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		South West Trades & Labour	1,053	1,316
Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council 225,082 10,144 461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Sunraysia Trades & Labour Council	585	585
461,052 469,713 Donations 3,098 2,040 §1,000 and less 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Victorian Trades Hall Council	4,781	218,209
Donations \$1,000 and less 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Tasmanian Trades and Labour Council	225,082	10,144
\$1,000 and less 3,098 2,040 Greater than \$1,000 <u>316,778 229,847</u> <u>319,876 231,887</u> Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other <u>552,883 447,462</u>			461,052	469,713
Greater than \$1,000 316,778 229,847 319,876 231,887 Legal fees 2 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Donations		
Legal fees 319,876 231,887 Litigation 2,264,679 1,283,551 Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		\$1,000 and less	3,098	2,040
Legal feesLitigation2,264,6791,283,551Penalties291,796395,000Other552,883447,462		Greater than \$1,000	316,778	229,847
Litigation2,264,6791,283,551Penalties291,796395,000Other552,883447,462			319,876	231,887
Litigation2,264,6791,283,551Penalties291,796395,000Other552,883447,462		Legal fees		
Penalties 291,796 395,000 Other 552,883 447,462		Litigation	2,264,679	1,283,551
Other 552,883 447,462		-		
		Other	552,883	447,462
			3,109,358	

		2022	2021
		\$	\$
3	ITEMS INCLUDED IN SURPLUS (CONT'D)		
	Employee benefits – office holders		
	Wages and salaries	4,543,818	3,967,558
	Superannuation	478,464	409,088
	Leave entitlements	201,888	363,030
	Separation and redundancies	22,141	104,875
		5,246,311	4,844,551
	Employee benefits – office employees		
	Wages and salaries	11,780,569	11,549,888
	Superannuation	1,281,852	1,218,556
	Leave entitlements	152,772	(6,345)
	Separation and redundancies	225,627	(236,468)
		13,440,820	12,525,631
	Remuneration of the auditors:		
	Audit of financial report		
	Current year	69,000	64,000
	Grant and other audits	48,226	19,700
		117,226	83,700
4	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Trade debtors	247,404	156,797
	Accrued income	217,568	112,024
	Deposits paid	29,075	29,075
	Prepayments	233,153	459,391
		727,200	757,287
	Included in trade debtors and accrued income:		
	Receivables from other reporting units		
	CFMEU - Manufacturing Division	75,509	75,509
	CFMEU C & G Division - National Office	179,905	66
	Total receivable from other reporting units	255,414	75,575

The carrying amount of accounts receivable approximates fair value. There are no balances within receivables that contain assets that are past due but not impaired. It is expected that these balances will be received when due.

		2022 \$	2021 \$
5	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Current		
	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	10,964,727	10,501,772
	Amortised cost investments	500,000	3,506,660
		11,464,727	14,008,432
	Non-Current		
	Unlisted trusts at cost	1,682	1,682
6	INVENTORIES		
	Current		
	Finished goods – at cost	104,801	77,524
7	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Land and buildings		
	Freehold land at fair value	32,370,000	24,175,000
		32,370,000	24,175,000
	Buildings at fair value	29,450,000	27,110,000
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(295,455)	(1,418,184)
		29,154,545	25,691,816
	Improvement at cost	54,490	3,380,542
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,236)	(24,725)
		53,254	3,355,817
	Total land and buildings	61,577,799	53,222,633

The revaluations of land and buildings were based on the assessment of their current market value, subject to vacant possession. The independent revaluations were carried out by Sutherland Farrelly and Knight Frank . The valuations were made in accordance with a regular policy of obtaining independent valuation of land and buildings a maximum of every three years or as required ensuring that requirements of accounting standards regarding fair value basis of valuation are met. The effective date of the latest revaluation was November 2021. Refer to Note 14 for further details.

		2022 \$	2021 \$
7	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)		
	Plant and Equipment		
	Plant and equipment	753,925	730,591
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(302,327)	(223,625)
		451,598	506,966
	Training equipment	5,425,803	5,347,126
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,759,407)	(4,564,776)
		666,396	782,350
	Computer equipment	954,509	962,983
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(751,797)	(687,922)
		202,712	275,061
	Furniture and fittings	474,778	400,888
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(160,928)	(108,473)
		313,850	292,415
	Motor vehicles	2,878,253	2,743,977
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,290,436)	(1,059,962)
	· · · ·	1,587,817	1,684,015
	Total plant and equipment	3,222,373	3,540,807
	TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	64,800,172	56,763,440

7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Movement in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the financial year.

31 March 2021

	Land and buildings	Improvements	Plant and equipment	Training equipment
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	50,575,908	11,553	289,679	894,935
Additions	-	3,368,542	280,607	115,820
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(709,092)	(24,278)	(63,320)	(228,405)
Write-back on disposal		-	-	
Carrying amount at the end of the year	49,866,816	3,355,817	506,966	782,350
	Motor vehicles	Furniture and fittings	Computer equipment	Total
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	1,490,405	220,583	469,860	53,952,923
Additions	775,724	111,111	62,940	4,714,744
Disposals	(660,764)	-	(368,932)	(1,029,696)
Depreciation expense	(332,236)	(39,279)	(189,972)	(1,586,582)
Write-back on disposal	410,886		301,165	712,051
Carrying amount at the end of the year	1,684,015	292,415	275,061	56,763,440
	.,		2.0,001	00,100,110

31 March 2022

	Land and buildings	Improvements	Plant and equipment	Training equipment
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	49,866,816	3,355,817	506,966	782,350
Additions	-	641,714	24,134	78,676
Disposals	-	-	(135)	-
Transfers	3,847,729	(3,847,729)	-	-
Revaluations	8,519,092	-	-	-
Depreciation	(709,092)	(96,548)	(79,367)	(194,630)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	61,524,545	53,254	451,598	666,396

	Motor vehicles	Furniture and fittings	Computer equipment	Total
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	1,684,015	292,415	275,061	56,763,440
Additions	360,658	73,889	56,086	1,235,157
Disposals	(124,747)	-	(3,447)	(128,329)
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Revaluations	-	-	-	8,519,092
Depreciation	(332,109)	(52,454)	(124,988)	(1,589,188)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	1,587,817	313,850	202,712	64,800,172

		2022 \$	2021 \$
8	LEASES		
	Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the period:		
	Plant and equipment	118,839	118,839
	Depreciation expense	(89,129)	(49,516)
	Right-of-use assets	29,710	69,323
	Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the period:		
	Lease liability	68,627	106,200
	Accretion of interest	3,458	6,119
	Payments	(43,692)	(43,692)
	Lease liability	28,393	68,627

The Union has entered into a lease arrangement for the provision of photocopiers. The lease has been accounted for as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability by recognising the present value of minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values, at the inception of the lease.

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade creditors	829,505	523,257
Sundry creditors and accruals	482,385	481,302
GST payable	425,726	685,470
	1,737,616	1,690,029
Included in trade creditors:		
Trade payables to other Reporting Units		
CFMEU – Mining & Energy (Morwell)	8,935	-
CFMEU – C&G National Office	17,497	22,039
	26,432	22,039
Legal fees payable included in trade creditors		
Litigation	169,148	16,492
Other legal matters		10,390
	169,148	26,882
Included in accruals:		
CFMEU – C&G National Office		60,866
Legal fees payable included in accruals:		
Litigation	540	59,168
Other legal matters	-	3,570
	540	62,738

10 CONTRACT LIABILITY

Deferred Membership subscriptions	5,195,451	4,849,898
Other revenue received in advance	4,937,960	188,198
	10,133,411	5,038,096

Contract Liability recognised in the reporting period is \$10,133,411, consisting of deferred membership subscriptions and other revenue received in advance, being the first grant instalment for the development of the Wellness Centre offset by the portion of revenue recognised in the financial year.

		2022 \$	2021 \$
11	PROVISIONS		
	Provision for employee entitlements:		
	Provision for annual leave – Office Holders	862,209	733,655
	Provision for annual leave – Other Employees	1,276,233	1,192,644
	Provision for sick leave – Office Holders	180,311	162,212
	Provision for sick leave – Other Employees	338,135	387,226
	Provision for long service leave – Office Holders	1,143,795	1,088,560
	Provision for long service leave – Other Employees	1,964,536	1,846,263
	Provision for redundancy – Office Holders	2,396,693	2,374,553
	Provision for redundancy – Other Employees	2,815,245	2,589,618
	Total Employee Provisions	10,977,157	10,374,731
	Provision for legal costs	1,538,299	302,400
	TOTAL PROVISIONS	11,429,956	10,677,131
	Included in provision for legal costs:		
	Litigation	1,085,500	-
	Other legal matters	452,799	302,400
		1,538,299	302,400

12 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Capitation fees are paid to CFMEU C&G National Office as disclosed in Note 3 as a percentage of membership income and the minimum membership rate set.

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

Building Industry 2000 Plus Pty Ltd:

- Transfer of proceeds	(2,183)	(63,174)
- Sponsorship of Grand Final Breakfast		-
- Received	94	6,196
	(2,089)	(56,978)

Amounts owed by Building Industry 2000 Plus Pty Ltd include the following:

- Trade debtors

Building Industry 2000 Plus Pty Ltd ("BI2000PPL") is a public company limited by guarantee of which a current DBMC elected official (Mr John Setka) and a retired elected official (Mr Ralph Edwards) are acting in the capacity of directors as well as being members of the company. Last year it was decided that sales of merchandise be handled directly by the CFMEU and consequently stock and a fixed asset were purchased by the the CFMEU.

554

13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Union's principal financial instruments comprise of receivables, payables, cash and various forms of investments, including bank notes and equity funds. The Union manages its exposure to key financial risks in accordance with the Union's financial risk management policy. The objective of the policy is to support the delivery of the Union's financial targets whilst protecting future financial security.

The main risks arising from the Union's financial instruments are interest rate and credit risk. The Union uses different methods to measure and manage different types of risks to which it is exposed. The Investment Committee and Executive Committee on behalf of the DBMC reviews and manages the policies and risks facing the Union, including review of policies for trading in investments, proportions of investments held and future cash flow forecast projections.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Risk Exposures and Response		
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	33,700,642	25,223,175
Trade and other receivables	727,200	757,287
Amortised cost investments	500,000	3,506,660
Unlisted trusts at cost	1,682	1,682
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	10,964,727	10,501,772
Total financial assets	45,894,251	39,990,576
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	1,737,616	1,690,029
Lease liabilities	28,393	68,627
Total financial liabilities	1,766,009	1,758,656
Net exposure	44,128,242	38,231,920

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Union, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, investments and financial assets. The Union's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. Exposure at balance date is disclosed in each applicable note.

For the remaining financial assets there is no significant concentration of credit risk within the Union and financial instruments are spread amongst a number of reputable financial institutions to minimise the risk of default of counterparties.

13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

Foreign Currency Risk

Both the functional and presentation currency of CFMEU is in Australian dollars (A\$). The Union's exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal.

Interest Rate Risk

Exposure to market interest rates, primarily to cash investments held. At balance date, Union had the following mix of financial assets and liabilities exposed to variable interest rate risk that are not designated in cash flow hedges. The Union's exposure to interest rate risks and the effective interest rates of financial assets and financial liabilities, both recognised and unrecognised at the balance date, are as follows:

Maturing in	1 month or less \$	Over 1 month to 3 months \$	Over 3 months to 1 year \$	Over 1 to 5 years \$	Non- interest bearing \$	Total \$	Weighted average effective interest rate %
2021							
Financial assets							
Cash	25,014,778	-	-	-	208,397	25,223,175	0.11
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	757,287	757,287	-
Investments		3,006,660	500,000	-	10,503,454	14,010,114	0.05
	25,014,778	3,006,660	500,000	-	11,469,138	39,990,576	
<i>Financial liabilities</i> Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	40,234	-			1,690,029 1,690,029	1,690,029 68,627 1,758,656	- 7.08
2022							
Financial assets							
Cash	31,121,547	-	-	-	2,579,095	33,700,642	0.05
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	727,200	727,200	-
Investments		-	500,000	-	10,966,409	11,466,409	0.25
	31,121,547	-	500,000	-	14,272,704	45,894,251	
<i>Financial liabilities</i> Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	-	-	- 28,393 28,393	-	1,737,616	1,737,616 28,393 1,766,009	- 7.08
			20,000		1,707,010	1,700,000	

Sensitivity Analysis

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the interest rate risk exposures in existence at the balance sheet date. For the year ending 31 March 2022, if interest rates had moved, as illustrated in table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and equity would have been affected as follows:

	Net profit		Net assets	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$	\$	\$	\$
+ 1% (100 basis points)	341,722	286,612	341,722	286,612
- 0.5% (50 basis points)	170,861	143,306	170,861	143,306

14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The group measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Land and buildings

The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3 inputs for asset or liability values that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following presents the Union's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 31 March 2022.

31 March 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 5)				
 Units held in Australian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU) 	-	-	1,682	1,682
- Investments in managed investment				
schemes	-	10,501,772	-	10,501,772
	-	10,501,772	1,682	10,503,454
New General energy				
Non-financial assets				50 000 000
Land and building (Note 7)	-	-	53,222,633	53,222,633
	-	-	53,222,633	53,222,633
31 March 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 5)				
- Units held in Australian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU)	-	-	1,682	1,682
 Investments in managed investment 				
schemes	-	10,964,726	-	10,964,726
	-	10,964,726	1,682	10,966,408
Non-financial assets				
NOT-ITTATICIAL ASSELS				
Land and building (Note 7)	-	-	61,577,799	61,577,799

		2022 \$	2021 \$
14	FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)		
	Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value movements Financial assets		
	Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	1,682	1,682
	Carrying amount at the end of the period	1,682	1,682
	Land and building		
	Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	53,222,633	50,587,461
	Additions	641,714	3,368,542
	Revaluations	8,519,092	-
	Amortisation for the period	(805,640)	(733,370)
	Carrying amount at the end of the period	61,577,799	53,222,633

Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 and level 3 fair values

(a) Recurring fair value measurement

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- The use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2 except for unlisted equity securities which is not considered material.

For its investment properties and freehold land and buildings (classified as property, plant and equipment), the Union obtains independent valuations at least every three years. At the end of each reporting period, the committee members update their assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The committee members determine a property's value within a range of reasonable fair value estimates.

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available the committee members consider information from a variety of sources including:

- current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences
- discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows
- capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

All resulting fair value estimates for properties are included in level 3. The level 3 fair value of land and buildings has been derived using the sales comparison approach. Sales prices of comparable land in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square metre.

14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT'D)

Description	Fair value at 31 March 2022	Unobservable inputs	Range of inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Freehold land and build	ding			
4/31 Sabre Drive, Port Melbourne, Victoria	\$1,800,000	Direct sales comparison approach supported by the capitalisation of income approach	Building value rates per square metre	1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$18,000
8/41 Sabre Drive, Port Melbourne, Victoria	\$1,520,000			1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$15,200
9/41 Sabre Drive, Port Melbourne, Victoria	\$1,800,000	Direct sales comparison approach supported by the capitalisation of income approach	Building value rates per square metre	1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$18,000
10/41 Sabre Drive, Port Melbourne, Victoria	\$1,800,000			1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$18,000
1-7 Wharf Road, Port Melbourne, Victoria	\$11,400,000	Direct sales comparison approach supported by the capitalisation of income approach	Land value rates per square metre	1% change in land value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$114,000
11 Wharf Road, Port Melbourne, Victoria	\$7,000,000	Direct sales comparison approach	Building value rates per square metre	1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$70,000
532 Elizabeth Street, Melbourne, Victoria	\$4,500,000	Direct sales comparison approach	Building value rates per square metre	1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$45,000
540 Elizabeth Street, Melbourne, Victoria	\$32,000,000	Capitalisation of income approach supported by the direct sales comparison approach	Building value rates per square metre	1% change in building value rate p.s.m would increase / decrease fair value by \$320,000

		2022 \$	2021 \$
15	MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REMUNERATION		
	Short-term employee benefits	3,380,579	3,299,384
	Post-employment benefits	348,245	339,292
	Other long-term employment benefits	607,736	595,937
	Termination benefits	56,235	236,010
	Total	4,392,795	4,470,623

The names of the Division Branch Management Committee who were elected and held office during the financial period ended 31 March 2022 are:

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	2022 \$	2021 \$
CASH FLOW INFORMATION		

16

Reconciliation of Cash (a)

> Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash on hand	4,460	4,460
Cash at bank	26,102,848	17,646,713
Short-term term deposits	7,593,334	7,572,002
	33,700,642	25,223,175

Fund / account operated in respect to compulsory levies or voluntary contributions are \$Nil (2021: \$Nil). Training unit account operated (other than general fund) for the purpose of receiving grants and other training fees are \$9,512,034 (2021: \$2,220,422).

Transfers or withdrawals to a fund, account or controlled entity operated for a special purpose is \$Nil (2021: \$Nil).

(b) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations surplus

Net (deficit)/surplus	(1,472,797)	2,403,396
Depreciation	1,628,801	1,619,593
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of property, plant & equipment	45,965	(21,728)
Increase in trade and other receivables	30,087	3,258,342
(Decrease) in inventory	(27,277)	(77,524)
Decrease in trade and other payables	51,045	399,203
Decrease/(Increase) in deferred revenue	5,095,315	(317,194)
Decrease/(Increase) in provisions	1,838,325	240,494
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,189,464	7,504,582

			2022 \$	2021 \$
16	CAS	H FLOW INFORMATION		
	(c)	Cash flow to/from other reporting units		
		Cash inflows		
		CFMEU C & G Division - National Office	95,344	108,133
		CFMEU National Office	-	2,162
		CFMEU Manufacturing Division	-	36, 96 5
		CFMEU Mining and Energy (Morwell)	-	1,908
		CFMEU South Australia	-	3,458
		Total cash inflows	95,344	152,626
		Cash outflows		
		CFMEU C & G Division - National Office	3,163,406	3,380,723
		CFMEU National Office	19,328	-
		CFMEU Manufacturing Division	-	-
		CFMEU Mining and Energy (Morwell)	35,738	36,238
		CFMEU WA	-	-
		CFMEU ACT	-	-
		Total cash outflows	3,218,472	3,416,961

17 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The legal matter in relation to the civil damages claim brought on in the Pentridge Village case is ongoing. The claims in relation to the ongoing legal matter are not yet determined and it is not practical to estimate the potential effect of the claims.

There are other ongoing claims and legal proceedings against the Union. The expected outcome of the claims has not yet been determined nor can the potential effects of the claims be reliably estimated.

18 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There were no material contractual commitments to acquire property, plant and equipment at 31 March 2022. Other than the items disclosed, there were no further commitments and contingencies at the date of this report.

19 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

No events or circumstances other than those disclosed have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly effect the operations of the Union, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Union in the future financial periods.

20 UNION DETAILS

The principal place of business of the Union is: CFMEU Construction and General Division (Victorian and Tasmanian Branch) 540 Elizabeth Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

On the 19th of July, 2022 the Divisional Branch Management Committee of The Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining & Energy Union Construction and General Division Victorian and Tasmanian Divisional Branch ("the reporting unit") passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report ("GPFR") for the year ended 31 March 2022:

The Divisional Branch Management Committee declares that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - (i) meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (ii) the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (iii) the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - (iv) where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner with each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - (v) where information has been sought in any request by a member of the reporting unit or General Manager duly made under section 272 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 has been provided to the member or General Manager; and
 - (vi) where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.
- (f) no revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting period.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Theo Theodorou DBMC

19th of July, 2022

Dave Lythgo DBMC

I, Robert Graauwmans being the President of the Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining & Energy Union Construction and General Division Victorian and Tasmanian Divisional Branch declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 31 March 2022.

The reporting unit did not:

- · agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- receive capitation fees from another reporting unit
- have a fund or account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Robert Graauwmans DBMC Member

19th of July, 2022



Collins Square, Tower Four Level 18, 727 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3008 GPO Box 5099 Melbourne VIC 3001 Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

To the members of Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining and Energy Union Construction and General Division Victorian/Tasmanian Divisional Branch

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining and Energy Union Construction and General Division Victorian/Tasmanian Divisional Branch (the reporting unit), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies, the Committee of Management Statement and the subsection 255(2A) report and the officer declaration statement.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining and Energy Union Construction and General Division Victorian/Tasmanian Divisional Branch, presents fairly, in all material respects the reporting unit's financial position as at 31 March 2022 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and any other requirement imposed by these Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the reporting unit in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The members of the Divisional Branch Committee of Management are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the operating report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the members of the Office Holders' for the Financial Report

The Divisional Branch Committee of Management of the Union are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, and for such internal control as the Divisional Branch Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Divisional Branch Committee of Management are responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intends to liquidate the registered entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

- As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also: Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Reporting Unit's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis
 of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Reporting Unit's ability to
 continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause
 the Reporting Unit to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Reporting Unit to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Reporting Unit audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Divisional Branch Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during our audit.

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Declaration by the auditor

I, Elizabeth Blunt, declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of the Chartered Accountants Australia New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

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Elizabeth Blunt Director

Melbourne, 19 July 2022

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the Act): AA2017/65